

GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY**BE - SEMESTER-III (NEW) EXAMINATION – SUMMER 2021****Subject Code:3130906****Date:08/09/2021****Subject Name:Electrical Circuit Analysis****Time:10:30 AM TO 01:00 PM****Total Marks:70****Instructions:**

1. Attempt all questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
4. Simple and non-programmable scientific calculators are allowed.

		Marks
Q.1	(a) State and explain Superposition theorem.	03
	(b) For the electrical network shown in Figure 1 , find the value of unknown current I_1 , I_2 and I_3 using the mesh analysis technique.	04
	(c) The network shown in Figure 2 contains the dependent source and an independent source. Find the Norton's equivalent circuit across terminals A and B.	07
Q.2	(a) Explain the initial condition in different passive electrical elements. What is the importance of initial conditions in network analysis?	03
	(b) In the given circuit shown in Figure 3 , capacitor C has initial voltage $V_c(0^-) = 5V$ and at the same time current through inductor L is zero. Obtain the $dv(t)/dt$ at $t=0^+$ if the switch K is closed at the time $t=0$ sec.	04
	(c) In the circuit shown in Figure 4 , a d.c. voltage of 10 volts is suddenly applied by closing switch to a series circuit consisting of resistor $R=10\Omega$, inductor $L=1H$ and capacitor $C=0.04F$. Obtain the expression of current $i(t)$ for $t>0$.	07
OR		
	(c) For the network shown in Figure 5 , obtain the expression of current $i_1(t)$ and $i_2(t)$ for $t>0$. Consider switch K is closed at $t=0$ sec.	07
Q.3	(a) Define the term (i) RMS values (ii) Apparent power (iii) Complex power.	03
	(b) For the circuit diagram shown in Figure 6 , obtain the impedance Z_{eq} and admittance Y_{eq} .	04
	(c) In the network shown in Figure 7 , determine the voltage V which results in a zero current through the impedance $2+j3\Omega$.	07
OR		
Q.3	(a) Explain in brief about the ideal transformer.	03
	(b) Explain the dot rule for mutually coupled circuit using the suitable example.	04
	(c) For the network shown in Figure 8 , a three-phase, three-wire, balanced ABC system, with an effective line voltage of 120 V, has three impedances of $5\angle 45^\circ \Omega$ in a Δ (delta) connection. Determine the line currents and draw the phasor-diagram showing the voltage, current relationship.	07
Q.4	(a) Convert the capacitance C (passive element) to Laplace domain using Laplace transformation.	03
	(b) Obtain Laplace transformation of the following time-domain function: (i) $f(t) = A$ (ii) $f(t) = e^{-at}$	04

	(c)	Obtain the step response of the series RC-circuit shown in Figure 9 .	07
		OR	
Q.4	(a)	For the network shown in Figure 10 , find the $Z_{21}(s)$.	03
	(b)	Define the term Poles and Zeros with suitable example.	04
	(c)	Determine the input impedance of the given network shown in Figure 11 . Assume all the initial conditions are to be zero.	07
Q.5	(a)	What is the condition of symmetry of all different two port parameters?	03
	(b)	Derive expression of Y parameters in terms of Z parameters.	04
	(c)	Obtain the Y parameters of the given network in Figure 12 .	07
		OR	
Q.5	(a)	Explain the transmission line parameters for the two-port network.	03
	(b)	Obtain Y-parameters for the given network shown in Figure 13 .	04
	(c)	Obtain the Z parameters of the given network in Figure 14 .	07

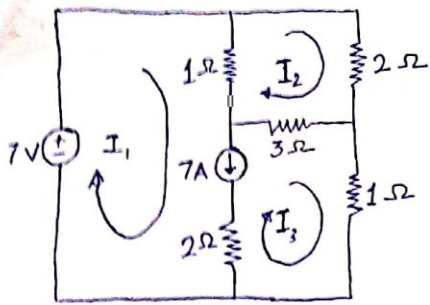


Figure-1

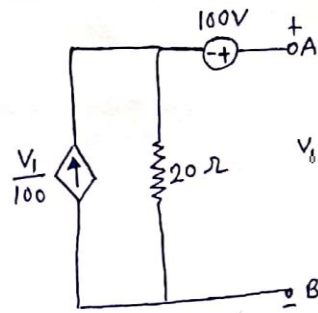


Figure-2

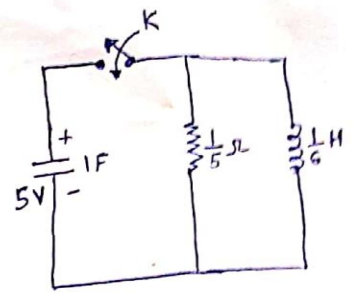


Figure-3

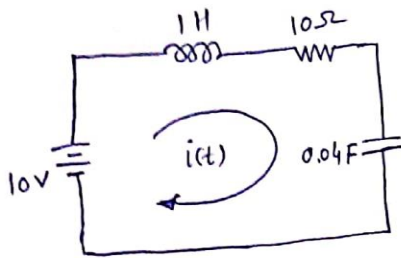


Figure-4

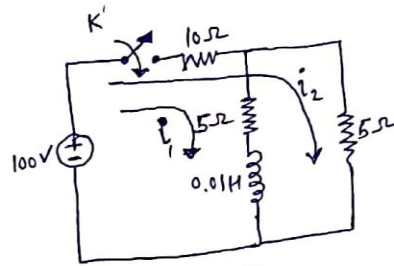


Figure-5

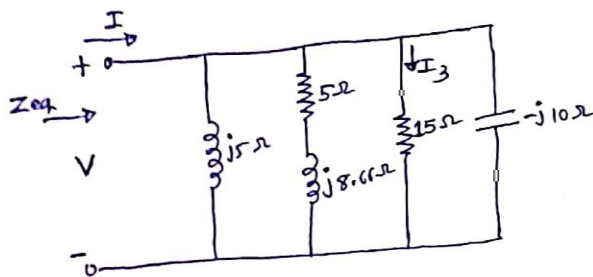


Figure-6

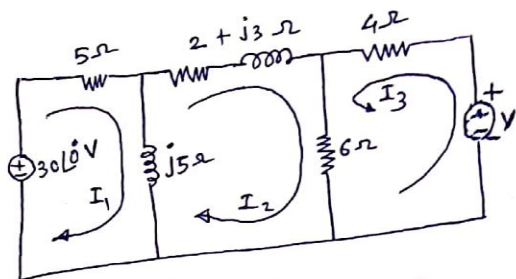


Figure-7

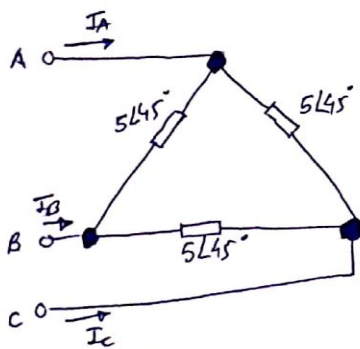


Figure-8

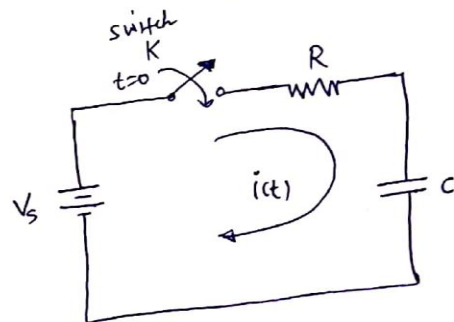


Figure-9

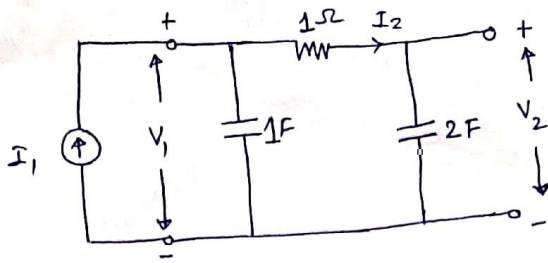


Figure-10

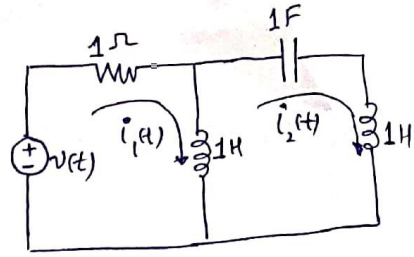


Figure-11

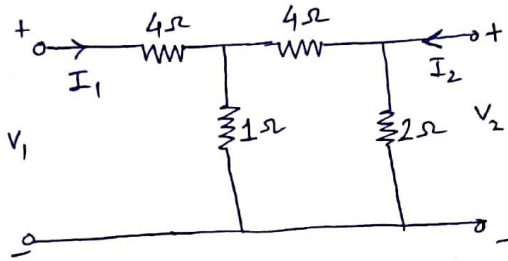


Figure-12

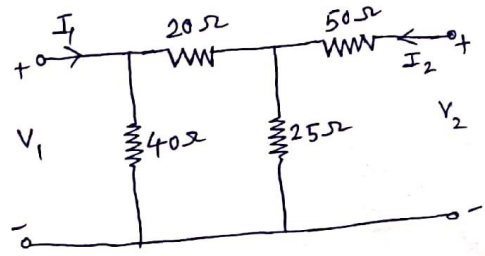


Figure-13

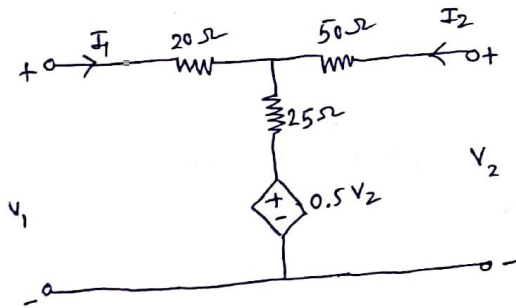


Figure-14